

# LESSON 1

Course Title: Old Testament Survey

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering and Conquest

Period Title: Egyptian Bondage

Lesson Title: Bondage

Memory Verse: "And the Lord said, 'I have surely seen the affliction of my people who are in Egypt, and have given heed to their cry because of their taskmasters, for I am aware of their suffering.'<sup>1</sup>" Exodus 3:7.

**DAY 1** The descendants of Jacob became slaves in Egypt. Exodus 1:1-14, 2:23-25.

1. After Joseph's death, there was a pharaoh who knew him not nor what he had done.
2. The descendants of Jacob grew into a great nation in Egypt. Pharaoh, fearing their strength, dealt cruelly with them, making them slaves.
3. Israel cried out to God for relief from their bondage.

**DAY 2** Birth of Moses, Exodus 1:15-22; 2:1-2; 6:20; Num. 3:17-19; Acts 7:18-22; Hebrews 11:23ff.

1. Pharaoh decreed all male children be slain at birth; kept Israel weak.
2. Amram and Jocabed of the tribe of Levi, had a son, their 3rd child.
3. Because he was a beautiful child, his mother hid him until he was 3 months old.
4. When she could no longer hide him, she devised a clever plan to save him.

**DAY 3** Moses, the Son of Pharaoh's Daughter, Exodus 2:3-10.

1. Jocabed made a water-tight basket for the baby, placed it in the Nile River where Pharaoh's daughter discovered him.
2. Miriam, Moses's sister, was sent to watch and to report to Jocabed.
3. The Princess came to bathe in the river, heard the baby cry and took him as her son.
4. At Miriam's suggestion, Jocabed was called to be her own son's nurse, and thus had the opportunity to teach him about God and His people.
5. Moses lived as a Prince of Egypt until he was 40 years old.

**DAY 4** Moses chose to be an Israelite, Exodus 2:11-22.

1. Moses saw an Egyptian beating a Hebrew and killed the Egyptian.
2. The next day he saw two Hebrews fighting; one asked him if he was going to kill him as he had killed the Egyptian.
3. Pharaoh learned of the killing and tried to take Moses; Moses fled to Midian.
4. In Midian, Moses tended the flocks of Jethro and married Jethro's daughter, Zipporah.
5. In Midian, Moses was trained for 40 years in the ways of the desert.

**DAY 5** The Deliverer of Israel, Exodus 3:1-14; 4:1, 10, 18-20.

1. God appeared to Moses in the bush, telling he was the deliverer of Israel.
2. Moses made excuses:
  - a. "Who am I that I should go to Pharaoh?"
  - b. "When they say what is God's name, what shall I say to them?"
  - c. "What if they will not believe me, or listen to what I say?"
  - d. "I have never been eloquent . . . I am slow of speech and slow of tongue."
3. God sent Moses back to Egypt to deliver His people from bondage.

## LESSON 2

Course Title: Old Testament Survey

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering and Conquest

Period Title: Egyptian Bondage

Lesson Title: Deliverance

Memory Work: "I will take you for My people, and I will be your God; and you shall know that I am the Lord your God who brought you out from under the burdens of the Egyptians/\* Exodus 6:7.

**DAY 1** Moses before Pharaoh. Exodus 4:27-31; 5:1-4, 22-23; 6:1-9.

1. God sent Aaron to meet Moses as he had promised. Israel welcomed Moses.
2. Moses and Aaron came before Pharaoh and asked him to let the people go.
3. Pharaoh increased the burden of the people and they cried out against Moses.
4. God promised Moses that He would free the people.

**DAY 2** The plagues against Egypt. Exodus 7:1-5, 10-13, 20-21; 8:6-7, 17, 24.

1. God sent Moses and Aaron back to Pharaoh\* He would harden Pharaoh's heart.
2. God's first plague: water is turned into blood.
3. The second plague: frogs came up and covered the land of Egypt.
4. The third plague: lice covered both man and beast; all dust became lice.
5. The fourth plague: Swarms of flies filled all Egyptian houses, wasted the land.

**DAY 3** The plagues continued. Exodus 9:6, 9-11, 22-26; 10:13-15, 21-23

1. The fifth plague: all Egyptian livestock were stricken with disease and died.
2. The sixth plague: all men and beasts of Egypt were stricken with boils.
3. The seventh plague: hail struck all of Egypt — man, beast, every plant and trees.
4. The eighth plague: locusts covered the surface of the whole land so that it was darkened; they ate every plant all the fruit that the hail left.
5. The ninth plague: all the land of Egypt was covered in thick darkness.

**DAY 4** The last plague. Exodus 11:4-7; 12:1-13, 29.

1. After nine plagues, Pharaoh's heart was still hardened; Israel still couldn't leave.
2. One last plague: death of the firstborn in every household from Pharaoh down.
3. God gave explicit instructions to Israel on how to save their firstborn. On the fourteenth of the 1st month a lamb's blood was applied on the lintel and doorposts. While remaining inside all night, the Passover lamb was eaten.
4. God promised to spare the firstborn of all those in a house so treated.
5. The firstborn of all Egypt were killed, including the firstborn of Pharaoh.
6. God set the Passover as one of the yearly feasts of the Israelites.

**DAY 5** The Deliverance. Exodus 12:30-34; 13:17-22; 14:5-9,13,28.

1. When Pharaoh saw the death of all the first born of Egypt, he let Israel go.
2. God led His people through the wilderness to the Red Sea.
3. Pharaoh's heart was hardened and he led his army to overtake Israel.
4. Trapped between the Red Sea and Pharaoh's army, the people were told, "stand by and see the salvation of the Lord."
5. God divided the sea when Moses stretched his rod over it - went over on dry land.
6. As Pharaoh's army tried to follow them through the passage, God closed the waters and the entire army was destroyed.

## LESSON 3

Course Title: Old Testament Survey

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering and Conquest

Period Title: Wandering

Lesson Title: From Egypt to Sinai

Memory Work: "Now then, if you will indeed obey My voice and keep My covenant, then you shall be My own possession among all the peoples, for all the earth is Mine," Exodus 19:5.

**DAY 1** The murmuring of Israel. Exodus 15:1, 20, 27; 16:1-13.

1. Moses and Miriam led the people in thanksgiving for their deliverance.
2. The Israelites first camped at Elim where food was plentiful; but when they came to the Wilderness of Sin, they grumbled against Moses and Aaron.
3. God provided bread (Manna) and quails for the 40 years of wandering.

**DAY 2** Israel in the wilderness. Exodus 17:1-18.

1. The Israelites traveled from Sin to Rephidim; there they murmured because there was no water. God provided it through Moses's rod.
2. Israelites prevailed against Amalekites as long as Moses held up his hands.
3. Moses was reunited with his father-in-law who advised him on governing Israel.

**DAY 3** Aaron and his sons appointed priests. Leviticus 6:8-16, 24-26; 7:1-7; 9:22-24; 10:1-11.

1. Aaron, the older brother of Moses, was made priest.
2. The priests officiated at the sacrifices for the people and kept fires burning.
3. Some of the offerings made were:
  - a. Meal offering, "daily burnt offering."
  - b. Sin offering - an animal sacrifice that was used at special feast days and at each new moon.
  - c. Trespass offering - a sacrifice for sin committed by an individual.
4. Aaron's sons served contrary to God's wishes and died.

**DAY 4** Israel at Sinai. Exodus 19:1-25.

1. After three months of travel, Israel came to Mt. Sinai (Horeb).
2. God called Moses to the mountain and promised Israel would be His possession among all peoples if they would keep His covenant.
3. Moses told to consecrate the people and be ready on the third day for God to come to the mountain.
4. On the third day, God descended upon the mountain; thunder, lightning, a thick cloud, fire and smoke were also there. The mountain quaked, the people trembled.

**DAY 5** Israel's Sin. Exodus 32:1-35.

1. Moses was many days on the mountain and the people thought him dead. They reverted to idolatry and asked Aaron to make a god for them.
2. Aaron took their gold Jewelry and made a calf.
3. They made a feast to the false god\* God sent Moses down, telling him the people "have corrupted themselves."
4. Moses pleaded with God for the people; but, when he saw the calf and the dancing, he was angry and he broke the tablets of stone.
5. Moses returned to the mountain to make atonement for the people's sin.

## LESSON 4

Course Title: Old Testament Survey

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering And Conquest

Period Title: Wandering

Lesson Title: God Gives The Law Of Moses

Memory Work: Memorize the ten commandments. Note: the pre-school children should learn only the 1st, 2nd, and 5th commandments.

**DAY 1 God Gave The Ten Commandments. Exodus 20:1-18; 31:18; 32:19; 34:1, 28-35**

1. Moses went up into the mountain where God spoke the 10 commandments.
2. The people trembled to hear the noises and see the lightning and smoke.
3. When He had finished speaking, God gave Moses the two tablets.
4. When Moses came down, the people were worshipping a golden calf and Moses threw down the two tables and broke them.
5. God called Moses back to the mountain and gave him replacements for the tablets.
6. After 40 days and nights during which Moses ate no bread and drank no water, he came down from the mountain with the tablets. His face shone because he had spoken with God.

**DAY 2 God Spoke The Law To Moses. Deuteronomy 4:1-2, 5-14, 32-40; Galatians 3:15-19.**

1. God both spoke and wrote the 10 commandments.
2. This Law was added to God's promise to Abraham because of the people's sins.
3. God promised that he would give a better covenant, or law, at a later time. See Hebrews 8:6-13 as quoted from Jeremiah 31:31ff.

**DAY 3 Some Ordinances Of The Law. Exodus 21**

1. Slavery, 2-11 — Murder, 12-14 — Cursing father and mother, 15 — Kidnapping, 16 - Assault, 18-27 - Liability, 28-36.

**DAY 4 Exodus 22**

1. Stealing, 1-4 — Property and possessions, 5-14 — Sacrifice to false gods, 20 — Protection for strangers, widows and orphans, 21-24 — lending, 25-27.

**DAY 5 Exodus 23**

1. False rumors, 1-7 — Bribes, 8 — Resting the land, 10-12 — Feasts, 14-17 — Interest on lending, Deuteronomy 23:19-20 — Benevolence, Deut. 24:19-22 — Lost property, Deut. 22:1-4 — Clothing, Deut. 22:5 — Rebellious son, Deut. 21:18-21 — Concerning even the smallest matters, Deut. 22:9-11.

## LESSON 5

Course Title: Old Testament Survey  
Prion Title: Wandering

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering And Conquest  
Lesson Title: The Tabernacle

Memory Work: "Let them make me a sanctuary, that I may dwell among them." Exdus 25:8

**DAY 1 God Instructed Moses to Construct The Tabernacle. Exodus 25:1-9; 35:4-9; 36:3-7.**

1. The materials were to be donated willingly by the Israelites. They included gold, silver, bronze, precious stones, fine cloth and skins, oil and spices.
2. The tabernacle was to be made according to God's plan so that it might be a sanctuary and He might dwell among the people.

**DAY 2 The Plan Of The Tabernacle. Exodus 26:1, 7,15-25, 29, 31-33; 27:11-16.**

1. It was made of curtains of linen, various skins, boards overlaid with gold.
2. The tabernacle area consisted of three sections:
  - a. The outer court was 150<sup>f</sup> long by 75' wide. The gate on the east was 30' wide.
  - b. The tabernacle proper, inside the outer court was 45' long, 15' wide and 15' high. It was divided into two parts, the Holy Place and the Most Holy Place.
    - (1) The Holy Place was the east 30' of the tabernacle proper.
    - (2) The Most Holy Place, was the West 15' of the tabernacle proper. It was a perfect cube which represented God's dwelling place.

**DAY 3 The Furniture Of The Outer Court. Exodus 27:1, Leviticus 9:13; 6:8-13; Exodus 30:17-21.**

1. The Altar of Burnt Offering, 7 1/2' square and 4 1/2' high.
2. The Laver, a great brass bowl, placed between the altar and entrance of the tabernacle. The priests used this to wash themselves.
3. The furniture of the Holy Place, Exodus 25:23-30; 26:35; 25:31-40; 30:1-10.
  - a. Table of Showbread, made of Acacia wood covered with gold, 3' by 1 1/2' and 27" high. Placed on the north side of the Holy Place. Contained 12 loaves of bread that were replaced each Sabbath.
  - b. Candlestick of seven sockets made of pure gold; placed on the south side.
  - c. Altar of Incense of Acacia wood, covered with pure gold, 1 1/2' square by 3' high. It stood directly in frot of the Most Holy Place.

**DAY 4 The Furniture Of The Most Holy Place. Exodus 25:10-22; 26:33.**

1. The Ark with its Mercy Seat, 3'21"long, 2'9" wide, 2'9"high. Made of Acacia wood, covered with gold inside and out. Two rings on each side, with poles, to carry the Ark. Two cherubim rose from each end.

**DAY 5 The Tabernacle Completed. Exodus 40. Extensive details, chapters 35-39.**

1. On the 1st day of the 1st month, it was set up and the furniture placed in it.
2. Aaron and his sons came to the doorway and washed in water. Aaron was clothed in the holy garments and anointed and consecrated.
3. "The cloud covered the tent of the meeting and the glory of the Lord filled the tabernacle."
4. Throughout the wandering, the cloud was on it by day, and fire by night.

## LESSON 6

Course Title: Old Testament Survey

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering And Conquest

Period Title: Wandering

Lesson Title: Leviticus - The Levites

Memory Work: "These are the commandments which Jehovah commanded Moses for the children of Israel in Mount Sinai." Leviticus 27:14.

**DAY 1 The Tribe Of Levi. Numbers 35:7; Leviticus 6:8-13; 8:1-15,30-36; 10:1-11.**

1. They were supported by tithes paid by all the people and given 48 cities in the land.
2. Aaron and his sons were to be priests. The other Levites were to be assistants to the priests, teachers, judges, caretakers of the tabernacle, etc.
3. Aaron's sons served contrary to God's wishes and died.

**DAY 2 The Main Offerings. Lev. 1:1-10; 2:1-3,11; 3:1-3,17; 4:1-3,13-17; 5:17-19; 6:1-7.**

1. "The burnt offerings" of young bulls, rams, doves and pigeons were wholly burned.
2. "Meal offerings" of grain, flour or unleavened cakes. A handful was burned and the rest was for the priests.
3. "Peace offerings" of cattle, sheep or goats. Fat burned, rest eaten by priests & offerers.
4. "Sin offerings:" Different offerings for different sins. Just fat burned in some offerings.
5. "Trespass offerings" were similar to sin offerings, They were for dealing unfairly with a neighbor.

**DAY 3 Special Days, Feasts and Years. Leviticus 23; 25:1-24.**

1. The Sabbath. Every seventh day.
2. Day of Atonement. The day of the year on which sins were confessed, atonement made.

**DAY 4 Continued.**

1. The Passover was observed in the spring to remember the sparing of the first-born in Egypt.
2. Pentecost was observed 50 days after Passover to thank God for a harvest. Also called Feast of First Fruits or Feast of Weeks.
3. "The Feast of Trumpets of New Moon" was in the fall. Besides the regular sacrifices, there was blowing of trumpets to represent God's voice at Sinai.
4. "The Feast of Tabernacles" was the last of the year and commemorated Israel's living in tents during the wilderness wanderings\*
5. The "Sabbatical Year" was a year-long sabbath every seventh year for rest and meditation on the law.
6. The "Year of Jubilee" was observed every 50 years.

**DAY 5 Promises and Warnings. Leviticus 26:1-29,46.**

- 1 • God promised blessings to the people if they kept His statutes; He also gave warnings of His punishment if they disobeyed them. He promised blessings of rains in their season, the land would yield, they would live securely and peacefully, no harmful beasts would come, no sword would pass through the land, their enemies would fall before them, He would make them fruitful and multiply, His dwelling would be among them and He would walk among them and be their God.

## LESSON 7

Course Title: Old Testament Survey

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering And Conquest

Period Title: Wandering

Lesson Title: The People Organized And Numbered

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Memory Work: "From twenty years old and upward, all that were able to go forth to war in Israel." Numbers 1:45.

**DAY 1 The People Numbered. Numbers 1:1-4, 45-54; 4:46-49; 26:51**

1. Moses was instructed by God to number the people.
2. Men above the age of 20 who were able to fight, excluding all Levites, numbered 603,550. 38 years later, they numbered 601,730.
3. Levites were numbered between the ages of 30 and 50, at 8,560.
4. Levites camped directly around the Tabernacle.

**DAY 2 Laws Of The Camp. Numbers 2:1-2, 17, 34; 5:1-4; 6:1-6, 22-26; 9:15-23.**

1. Each tribe was given an encampment, always a certain direction and location from the Tabernacle.
2. Those who were ill were to stay outside the camp.
3. The Nazarite vow was a vow to dedicate oneself to God; exact rules applied.
4. A pillar of cloud about four miles across rose from the Tabernacle and spread over the people by day. When the cloud moved, the people moved.

**DAY 3 God Moved The Camp. Numbers 10:1-3, 17, 28, 33-36.**

1. God instructed Moses to make two silver trumpets to be used to signal the people.
2. On the 20th. day of the 2nd month of the 2nd year, one year after they came to Sinai, the cloud was lifted from over the tabernacle and the camp began to move.
3. The cloud guided them to the wilderness of Paran. Exodus 13:21.
4. They followed the exact order of march given by God.

**DAY 4 The People Murmured Against God. Numbers 11.**

1. The people complained and God's anger was kindled against them. He sent fire among them.
2. The children of Israel recalled all of the foods they had in Egypt and complained about the manna.
3. Moses told God of his burdens of caring for the complaining people. God gave Moses 70 of the elders of Israel to help him with the burden of the people.
4. God promised the people meat until it became loathsome to them. He sent quail in great quantities.
5. God sent a severe plague to punish those who were greedy.

**DAY 5 The Sin Of Aaron And Mariam. Numbers 12.**

1. Aaron and Mariam spoke against Moses. They were jealous of his position.
2. God called the three of them out to the tent of meeting. He reconfirmed His choice of Moses as leader.
3. God struck Mariam with leprosy. Aaron repented of his actions. Moses begged God to heal Mariam.
4. God promised to heal her but said she must remain outside the camp for 7 days.

## LESSON 8

Course Title: Old Testament Survey

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering And Conquest

Period Title: Wandering

Lesson Title: The Wandering

Memory Work: "Surely all the men who have seen My glory and My signs shall not see the land which I swore unto their fathers, neither shall any of them that despised me see it."  
Numbers 14:22-23.

**DAY 1 The Twelve Spies.** Numbers 13:1-3, 17-33; 14:1-4, 22-30.

1. 12 spies, one from each tribe, were sent to spy out Canaan. They were to see how strong the people were, condition of the land and cities.
2. They cut a single cluster of grapes in the valley of Eachol. Took two to carry it.
3. After 40 days, they returned, reporting that the land flowed with milk and honey but the cities were fortified and there were giants in the land.
4. Caleb and Joshua believed they could take the land.
5. The people refused to go in to take the land and complained greatly against Moses.
6. God said all but Caleb and Joshua would die in the wilderness.

**DAY 2 The Rebellion of Korah.** Numbers 16:1-34, 40-50.

1. Korah, Dathan and Abiram and 250 leaders of Israel, rebelled.
2. Moses and Aaron had the 250 bring censors with fire and incense to the entrance of the tabernacle.
3. God told the people to withdraw from the dwellings of Korah, Dathan and Abiram.
4. The earth opened and swallowed them, all their households, and the 250.
5. The people grumbled against Moses and Aaron, saying they had caused the death of the rebels. God caused a plague to come against the people, killing 14,700.

**DAY 3 Battles And Plagues In The Wilderness.** Numbers 17:1-13; 20:1-13, 23-29; 21:1-9.

1. God told Moses to take 12 rods, one from each tribe, write the name on each and place them in the tabernacle. Aaron's name was written on the rod of Levi. God showed His approval of Aaron by causing his rod to bud.
2. Mariam died at Kadesh. God told Moses to speak to a rock to bring forth water.
3. Aaron died at age 123 on Mt. Hor. His son Eleazar became high priest.
4. Israel defeated the king of Arad and the Amorites, with God's help.
5. The people murmured, again. God sent fiery serpents among them. God instructed Moses; he made a bronze serpent; all who looked upon it were healed.

**DAY 4 Balaam's Blessings On Israel.** Numbers 22:5-6; 23:5-12, 18-24; 24:2-9, 15-25.

1. Balak, King of Moab, wanted Balaam to curse Israel, who blessed them instead. Balaam spoke 4 prophecies.

**DAY 5 Israel's Sin In Moab.** Numbers 25:1-18; 26:1-4; 27:12-23; 31:1-19.

1. The Israelites committed adultery with the daughters of Moab, and bowed down to their god. God was angry and the leaders be executed. 24,000 died.
2. The people were numbered a second time, 601,730.
3. God told Moses that he would die before they entered the land. Joshua led.
4. God commanded Israel to make war against Midian to execute His vengeance against them. They completely destroyed the Midianites.

## LESSON 9

Course Title: Old Testament Survey  
Period Title: Wandering

Quarter: Bondage, Wandering and Conquest  
Lesson Title: Moses Prepares The People to Enter Canaan

**Memory Work:** "... and ye shall take possession of the land, and dwell therein; for unto you have I given the land to possess it." Numbers 33:53.

**DAY 1** Reuben, Gad And Half of Manasseh Settle East of The River. Numbers 32:1-22.

1. These tribes asked Moses to allow them to settle there.
2. Moses was displeased; thought it would discourage others from crossing the river.
3. These tribes said they would help others take the land; Moses agreed.

**DAY 2** Directions For Entering The Land. Numbers 34:1-29, 35:1-15.

1. Wilderness of Zin on the south, Great Sea on the west, Mt. Hor and Zedad on the north, and the Jordan river on the east. God outlined the borders.
2. Eleazar, Joshua and a leader from each tribe were to apportion the land.
3. Forty-eight cities were set aside for the Levites who received no inheritance.
4. Six cities were to be for refuge for those who killed someone unintentionally.  
Three cities were to be east of the river and three, west.

**DAY 3** Moses<sup>1</sup> First Address. Deuteronomy 1:5-8, 19:38; 5:1-33.

1. Moses reminded the people that God had commanded them to take the land.
2. Reminded them of the report of the spies, the punishment of wandering for 38 years in the wilderness and the leadership of Caleb and Joshua.
3. Reminded them God had delivered them from Egypt and cared for them in the wilderness; reviewed the 10 commandments, admonished them to obey God.
4. He told them Joshua would become their leader and take them into the land.

**DAY 4** Some Commands For Israel. Deuteronomy 6:4-7, 17-17; 7:1-10, 22-26; 9:1-5.

1. They were to love God with all their heart, soul and might.
2. They were diligently to keep all His commandments\*
3. Israel was receiving the land to confirm God's oath to Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, not because Israel was righteous.

**DAY 5** The End of Moses<sup>1</sup> Leadership. Deuteronomy 27:1-19; 34:1-12.

1. Moses reminded the people of some of their duties.
  - a. Duties of a king, Deuteronomy 17:14-20.
  - b. Duties of war, 20:15-18.
  - c. Duties toward brethren, 22:1-4.
  - d. Duties on clothing, 22:5.
  - e. Duties on divorce, 24:1-4.
  - f. Duties on marriage, 24:1-5; 25:5-10
2. Israel was told to write the law on the big stones as a monument.
3. Moses climbed Mt. Nebo, from which God allowed him to see all the land. God promised him the people would possess it, but Moses could not go in because of his sin, striking the rock. Moses died on the mountain at age 120; God buried him there, the people mourned him for 30 days.

# LESSON 10

Course Title: Old Testament Survey  
Period Title: Conquest

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering And Conquest  
Lesson Title: The Crossing

Memory Work: "And Joshua said, hereby ye shall know that the living God is among you ..."  
Joshua 3:10.

**DAY 1 Joshua, The New Leader. Joshua 1:1-11; 2:1-24.**

1. God commanded Joshua to lead the people, promising to be with him as He had been with Moses\*
2. Joshua commanded the people to prepare to cross Jordan in 3 days.
- 3\* Joshua sent out two spies to Jericho. Note the story of Rahab.

**DAY 2 The Crossing Of Jordan. Joshua 3:1-17; 4:1-13, 20; 5:9-15.**

1. Joshua commanded that when the people saw the ark they should follow it.
2. When the feet of those carrying the ark touched the water, the river parted. The people crossed Jordan on dry land as they had the Red Sea.
3. A man from each tribe took a stone from the midst of the river for a monument.
4. At Gilgal, they kept the Passover. The day after Passover, they ate of the produce of the land and the manna ceased.

**DAY 3 The Fall Of Jericho. Joshua 6:1-27.**

1. God told Joshua that he had given Jericho into their hand.
2. They were commanded to march around Jericho once each day for six days and seven times on the seventh day; the priests then would blow trumpets.
3. The walls of Jericho fell flat. Rahab and her family were saved, as promised.
4. Israel burned the city and all that was in it.

**DAY 4 The Sin Of Achan. Joshua 7:1-26.**

1. Spies went to the city of Ai and reported that the city would be easy to take.
2. Israel suffered a great defeat.
3. Joshua asked God why they had been defeated. Someone had taken spoils from Jericho when they had been told not to do so.
4. Achan was found to be guilty; he and all of his family were stoned and his possessions were burned.

**DAY 5 Israel's Victory. Joshua 8:1-35.**

1. God told Joshua not to fear to attack Ai again; Joshua planned an ambush.
2. Israel won and Ai was destroyed. Israel took only cattle and plunder from the city.
3. As God had instructed Moses, Joshua built an altar in Mt. Ebal and wrote the law on stones. The people stood before Mt. Ebal and Mt. Gerazim to hear Joshua read all the words of the law.

# LESSON 11

Course Title: Old Testament Survey  
Period Title: Conquest

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering And Conquest  
Lesson Title: The Conquest

Memory Work: "And Jehovah said unto Joshua, fear them not, for I have delivered them into they hands ... " Joshua 10:8

**DAY 1 Israel And The Gibeonites. Joshua 9:1-17.**

1. The Gibeonites, fearing Israel, came to Gilgal dressed in old clothing and claimed to be travelers from a distant land.
2. They told Joshua they had come because of the fame of God in all that He did in delivering the children of Israel from Egypt.
3. Joshua made peace with them and made a covenant to let them live.
4. When their true identity became known, Joshua could not destroy them because of his oath. Instead, he made servants of the Gibionites.

**DAY 2 War With The Five Amorite Kings. Joshua 10:1-27.**

1. Kings of Jerusalem, Hebron, Jarmuth, Lachish and Eglon sought to fight Gibeon.
2. The Gibeonites appealed to Joshua for help; God delivered the five kings to Joshua.
3. Joshua asked God that the sun would stand still at Gibeon; it did for about a day.
4. God fought for Israel and they were victorious. Joshua destroyed the five kings.

**DAY 3 The Conquest Continued. Joshua 10:28-43; 11:1-23.**

1. Joshua captured six more cities and defeated the king of Gezer. He defeated the lands from Kadesh-barnea to Gaza.
2. Many kings united to destroy Israel, but God told Joshua not to be afraid.

**DAY 4 The Inheritance Of Reuben, Gad, The Half Tribe Of Manasseh, Caleb. Joshua 13:1, 6-8, 13, 15, 23-25, 29-31; 14:1-15.**

1. Though much of the land was not yet captured, Joshua was old and God instructed him to divide the land.
2. According to their earlier request and Moses' promise to them, Reuben, Gad and a half tribe of Manasseh were given their land inheritance on the east of Jordan.
3. Caleb received Hebron for his inheritance.

**DAY 5 The Inheritance Of Judah, Ephraim And The Remainder Of Manasseh. Joshua 15:1-2,8, 13-21,63; 16:1-2,4-5,9-10.**

1. Judah was given his inheritance west of the Jordan, including Jerusalem.
2. Caleb drove out the peoples from Hebron and took it.
3. The Jebusites, inhabitants of Jerusalem, remained there. Judah could not drive them out. Many years later, David took Jerusalem from the Jebusites and made the city the capital of Israel.

## LESSON 12

Course Title: Old Testament Survey  
Period Title: Conquest

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering And Conquest  
Lesson Title: The Division Of The Land

Memory Work: "There failed not ought of any good which Jehovah had spoken unto the house of Israel; all came to pass." Joshua 21:45

**DAY 1 The Land Divided. Joshua 17:14-18; 18:1-21; 19:1, 9-10, 17, 24, 32.**

1. Ephraim and Manasseh complained they didn't get enough land. Joshua told them to remove more of the Canaanites to have more land.
2. Remaining land divided among the rest of the tribes (7), by lot. The order: Benjamin, Simeon, Zebulun, Issachar, Asher, Naphtali and Dan.

**DAY 2 The Cities Of The Levites. Joshua 20:1-9; 21:1-7, 41-45.**

1. Six cities appointed. Kedesh, Shechem and Hebron west of Jordan. Bezer, Ramoth and Bashan east of Jordan.
2. Levites received only cities, plus 305 acres for gardening and vineyards. They were to serve all of the people as priests.
3. Levites received 13 cities from Judah, Simeon and Benjamin, 10 from Ephraim, Dan and the west half of Manasseh, 13 from Issachar, Asher, Naphtali and the east half of Manasseh, 12 from Reuben, Gad and Zebulun. The cities were divided among the families of Levites by lot.
4. Remember the land promise to Abraham. Note Joshua 21:43.

**DAY 3 The Return Of Two And One Half Tribes To The East Of Jordan. Joshua 22:1-34.**

1. Joshua told them they had kept their promise to help the other tribes and they could now return to their appointed lands. They departed with much livestock, silver, gold, bronze and clothing.
2. They built an altar on reaching Jordan. The western tribes thought it was a symbol of rebellion against God and prepared to go to war against them. They explained the altar was for a witness between the tribes to remember they were one.

**DAY 4 Joshua's Farewell Address. Joshua 23:1-16.**

1. Joshua reminded them of the division of the land and admonished them to drive out the inhabitants and possess the land God had given them.
2. He told them to keep all the law of Moses and not associate with nor intermarry with the nations still in the land.
3. He warned that if they transgressed, God's anger would burn against them and they would perish quickly from off the good land God had given them.

**DAY 5 The Covenant Renewed At Shechem. Joshua 24:1-33.**

1. Joshua reminded them of all God had done, admonishing them to serve God.
2. Joshua made a covenant with the people and set up a stone as a witness of it.
3. Joshua died at 110 and was buried in his inheritance in the hills of Ephraim.
4. Joseph's bones which were brought from Egypt were buried in Shechem.
5. Eleazar the High Priest, the son of Aaron, died and was buried in Shechem.

## LESSON 13

Course Title: Old Testament Survey

Quarter Title: Bondage, Wandering And Conquest

Period Title: Egyptian Bondage, Wander, Conquest

Lesson Title: Review

Memory Work: Review the books of the Old Testament

- DAY 1**
1. Relate the story of the birth of Moses and tell how he grew up.
  2. Why did Moses choose to be an Israelite instead of the prince of Egypt? What happened to him when he made the decision?
  3. What was God's plan for Moses and how did He tell Moses about it?
  4. Name the plagues God brought against Egypt.
  5. How did the Israelites remember the last plague and the crossing of the Red Sea?
- DAY 2**
1. Why did Israel complain in the wilderness?
  2. What happened at Mt. Sinai?
  3. Recite the 10 commandments.
  4. Give five other ordinances of the law.
  5. Describe the tabernacle with its furniture in each section.
- DAY 3.**
1. What was the special job of the Levites?
  2. Name the special days and feasts of the law of Moses.
  3. How many Israelites were there when they left Sinai and then 38 years later?
  4. What was the sin of Aaron and Miriam?
- DAY 4**
1. Why did the people have to wander in the wilderness for 38 years?
  2. Tell the story of the rebellion of Korah.
  3. Which tribes asked to stay east of the river? What did Moses tell them?
  4. What happened to Moses? Why did God not let him enter the land?
  5. Tell the story of the Israelites crossing the Jordan.
- DAY 5**
1. How did the Israelites capture Jericho?
  2. Why did Israel lose the battle of Ai? What was done about it?
  3. How did the Gibeonites deceive Israel?
  4. Name the cities of refuge. What was their purpose?
  5. What advice did Joshua give the children of Israel in his farewell address?