

**Memory Work: All the books of the New Testament in their order**

DAY 1 The New Testament or Covenant.

- A. Christ's law in the New Testament is the perfect covenant, replacing all preceding laws and covenants, which were imperfect, Hebrews 7:18, 22; 8:6-7.
- B. The New Testament gives us the knowledge of the inspired men whom He used to establish His church. Ephesians 3:3-5, II Peter 1:20-21.
- C. Only the New Testament provides us all that we must know and do to please God. II Timothy 3:15.
- D. We must handle it correctly, understanding what it teaches. II Timothy 3:15.
- E. The New Testament can be divided into five basic sections.
  - 1. Biography — 4 books, Matthew, Mark, Luke and John.
  - 2. History of the church — 1 book, Acts.
  - 3. Letters of Paul — 14 books, Romans thru Hebrews.
  - 4. Letters of other apostles and prophets — 7 books, James thru Jude.
  - 5. Prophecy— 1 book, Revelation

DAY 2 Final Preparation for the Coming Kingdom (Church) — chapter 1.

- A. Jesus' final instructions about the coming kingdom, vs. 1-3.
- B. The eleven are commissioned to be apostles and commanded to return to Jerusalem, vs. 4-9, 12.
- C. The twelfth apostle selected, vs. 20-26.

DAY 3 The kingdom begins amid the power of the Holy Spirit — chapter 2.

- A. The kingdom begins with two miracles from the Holy Spirit:
  - 1. Sound from heaven, 2:1-2 (See John 16:7-13; Acts 1:4, 8).
  - 2. Apostles miraculously spoke in foreign languages, vs. 3-11.
- B. Peter preached the first gospel sermon, vs. 14ff.

DAY 4 Peter and John are arrested for preaching — chapter 3:1-4:31.

- A. A miracle was performed upon their entering the temple, vs. 3:1-9.
- B. Peter preached in the temple, vs. 3:12-16.
- C. Peter and John arrested and were tried, vs. 4:1-5, 8-14.
- D. They were let off with a warning, vs. 4:16-21.

DAY 5 The first recorded sin and punishment in the church — chapter 4:32-5:11

- A. Christians shared wealth with needy Christians, vs. 4:32-37.
- B. A man and his wife lied about their offering, vs. 5:1-11.
- C. Review DAY 1, "E"

**Memory Work:** "In every nation he that feareth him, and worketh righteousness, is acceptable to him." Acts 10:35.

**DAY 1** Further trials and persecution of the church — 5:17-8:4.

- A. All apostles put in jail for preaching the gospel, 5:17-29, 33, 40-44.
- B. The church continued to grow in size, 6:7
- C. Stephen arrested, 6:8-18, and killed for preaching Christ, 7:51-60.
- D. Persecution began against the entire church at Jerusalem, 8:1-4.

**DAY 2** The church grew in Jerusalem for about five years, then persecution caused the disciples to leave. They spread the gospel wherever they went.

- A. Philip converted many Samaritans (see Acts 1:8), 8:4-13.
- B. The gospel was taught by the Jews only to Jews, 11:19.
- C. Saul, the chief persecutor of the church for several years, was converted and became known as the apostle Paul. He was appointed an apostle to the Gentiles, 9:1-25.

**DAY 3** A Roman army officer, Cornelius, was the first Gentile to be converted.

- A. God taught Peter through several miracles that Gentiles were now to receive salvation by the gospel, chapter 10.
- B. The conversion of Cornelius caused many Jews to begin preaching to the Gentiles, 11:19-21. Antioch was the first church to contain both Jews and Gentiles; the name "Christian" was first used there, 11:26.

**DAY 4** The king afflicted some Christians — chapter 12.

- A. He killed the apostle James, 12:1-2.
- B. To please the Jew's who hated Christians, he tried to kill Peter, 18:3-19.
- C. God slew Herod, the king, 12:20-24.

**DAY 5** The Holy Spirit called Paul and Barnabas to travel — chapter 13-14.

- A. They left the church at Antioch to preach in many cities, 13:1-3.
- B. A Jew named Bar-Jesus (Elymas) tried to stop them, 13:6-12.
- C. Many Jews hated the gospel and the apostles, while other faithful Jews and some Gentiles praised God for the good news (gospel), 13:44-50; 14:1-6, 19-20.
- D. Through the grace of God they began many churches, 14:21-23, 26-27.

**Memory Work: "Certain who went out from among us have troubled you with words, subverting your souls; to whom we gave no commandment." Acts 15:24**

DAY 1 Trouble was caused in the church by some Jews who taught all must keep the customs and laws of Moses.

A. Paul and Barnabas disputed with these Jews who were Christians, then were sent to Jerusalem to settle the disturbance, 15:1-21.

B. The elders and apostles at Jerusalem wrote a general epistle rebuking the false teachers, and upholding Paul and Barnabas, 15:22-29. This is the first inspired epistle of the New Testament.

NOTE: Many religious people today would also have us be obedient to Moses' law rather than Christ's law.

DAY 2 Paul's second journey led him to Macedonia and Greece. He established churches in Philippi, Berea, Thessalonica and Corinth.

A. Paul and Silas were beaten and imprisoned in Philippi, but converted the Jailor and his house, 16:16-34.

B. Most of Paul's time was spent in Corinth, 18 months, 18:1-17.

DAY 3 On his third journey, Paul spent most of his time in Asia at Ephesus.

A. Some of the Jews in Ephesus rejected the gospel, 19:8-10.

B. Some fake miracle-healers attempted to duplicate Paul's miracles, with disastrous results, 19:11-20.

C. The silversmiths' trade union sought Paul's punishment because his teaching had affected their profits in manufacturing idol statues, 19:23-41.

DAY 4 The Jews captured and imprisoned Paul.

A. Paul was warned that he would be captured in Jerusalem, 21:10-14.

B. A Jewish mob attempted to kill Paul in the temple, 21:26-36.

C. Paul was tried before the Jewish Council, 23:1-12.

D. Forty Jews planned to murder Paul, 23:12-24.

DAY 5 Paul imprisoned for several years, to the end of the book of Acts.

A. Paul was tried before the Roman governor, Felix, and remained imprisoned by him for two years, 24:1-27.

B. Paul was later tried before the new governor, Festus, 25:6-12, during which he appealed to direct trial by Caesar, as was his right as a Roman citizen.

C. Paul waited two years in Rome for his trial before Caesar, 28:16-30.

NOTE: Acts ends at this point, but we know from Paul's later writings that he was found innocent and released.

**Memory Work: "I am not ashamed of the gospel: for it is the power of God unto salvation to every one that believeth; to the Jew first, and also to the Greek." Romans 1:16.**

- DAY 1** Introduction to the book of Romans.
- A. Written by Paul during the winter of 57-58 from Corinth, just before concluding his third journey.
  - B. Two basic themes run through the letter: the memory verse, 1:16, and 2:11, "for there is no respect of persons with God."
- DAY 2** All have sinned and fallen from God.
- A. God's wrath is revealed from heaven against some people, including Gentiles, because they rejected the knowledge of Him, 1:18-23.
  - B. Therefore God gave them over to vile lives because they exchanged the truth of God for a lie, 1:24-32.
  - C. The Jews were also disobedient, 2:5, 9-10.
- DAY 3** Gentiles are to be judged by law, though not the law of Moses specifically.
- A. Gentiles did by custom (nature) the things of the law of Moses. These were things that were handed down from preceding generations, 2:12-16.
  - B. Jews were guilty of breaking their own law, 2:17-18, 23-25.
  - C. What advantage was there in being a Jew if the law was done away? Several things gave them an advantage, 3:1-2.
  - D. All men have come under bondage to sin, 3:9-12.
- DAY 4** Man cannot be saved by a system of works, but one of faith.
- A. The righteousness of God has been made known separate from the law of Moses, 3:21-31.
  - B. Works do not justify, it cannot be earned, 4:1-5.
  - C. Salvation comes only from forgiveness, 4:6-8.
  - D. The promise of salvation came through the promise God made to Abraham, not through the law of Moses, 4:13-16.
- DAY 5** Christ gave us God's gift of salvation.
- A. We are justified by faith and have peace with God through Christ's death, 5:1-11.
  - B. Sin and death have always come from disobedience to the laws of God and only Jesus can save us from those sins, 5:12-19.

**Memory Work: "The wages of sin is death; but the free gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord." Romans 6:23**

DAY 1 Christians die to sin.

A. Our old sins and way of life die in baptism, 6:2-11.

B. You are servants of what you obey, 6:16-23.

C. Sons of God are in debt to God to live after the teachings of the Spirit, 8:12-14.

D. The Spirit is to help us in our weakness, 8:26-28, 31-39.

DAY 2 God offers salvation to all people.

A. God made us who we are physically. We make ourselves what we are by obedience or disobedience, 9:20-26.

B. Jews continued to seek salvation by works of their own law, and stumbled over Christ, 9:30-10:4.

C. There is only one thing that leads men to salvation, WORDS. All are saved by words that cause belief, 10:8-14, 17-18.

DAY 3 We are to be a living sacrifice to God.

A. All need God's mercy, 11:32-36.

B. It is therefore our duty to present our bodies to God for use in his work, 12:1-21.

DAY 4 Instructions in our service to God.

A. The purpose of civil government and a Christian's duty toward it, 13:1-7.

B. We are to love all men, to do what is in their best interest, 13:8-10.

C: Do not become a "stumbling block" to your brother, 14:1, 13-21, 15:1-43.

DAY 5 Further instructions in our service.

A. Christians are to be of one accord, mind and voice, with each other according to Christ's teachings, 15:4-6.

B. We are to be filled with goodness and knowledge, 15:14.

C. Paul sends greetings to those in Rome, 16:16.

D. Christians are to turn away from those who act contrary to the gospel, 16:17-19.

**Memory Work: "Now I beseech you brethren, through the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, that ye all speak the same thing, and that there be no divisions among you." I Corinthians 1:10**

**DAY 1** Introduction to First Corinthians.

- A. Written by Paul while at Ephesus about 58 A.D. It was a response to information given him by the household of Chloe, 1:11, and a letter from the Corinthian church, 7:1.
- B. Paul had started the church at Corinth on his second tour, and spent 18 months preaching there.
- C. The Corinthian church was troubled with divisions and sins caused by the worldly thoughts and lives of its members, 3:1-3.
- D. Paul commanded that the divisions among them cease, 1:10-13.
- E. The gospel is foolishness and a stumbling block to unbelievers, 1:18-25.

**DAY 2** Paul defended his apostleship.

- A. He preached only the gospel, not man's wisdom and knowledge, 2:1-8.
- B. This he did by inspiration, 2:9-16.
- C. The Corinthians erred in being followers of preachers, 3:1-9, 4:1.

**DAY 3** Paul instructed the church in disciplining wicked members there.

- A. He admonished them as his beloved children to repent of their sins before he returned in the near future, 4:14-21.
- B. They were to discipline the sinners among themselves, 5:1-5, 9-13.
- C. They were to provide their own judges to settle disputes among themselves, and were prohibited from using the courts of the land against each other, 6:1-7.

**DAY 4** Instruction in God's laws on marriage.

- A. Both husband and wife owe themselves to each other, 7:1-5.
- B. Commanded not to depart from their mates, whether they are believers or not, 7:10-13, 15-16.

**DAY 5** Conduct toward things expedient.

- A. Liberty may become offensive or stumbling block to others, 8:7-13.
- B. Preachers can receive their living from the church, 9:11-18.
- C. Things lawful are not always expedient (profitable), 10:23-29, 31-33.

**Memory Work:** "Be not deceived: Evil companionships corrupt good morals." I Corinthians 15:33

**DAY 1** Spiritual Gifts.

A. Many types of spiritual gifts given to the church, I Corinthians 12:1-11.

B. They needed to correct their attitude toward the gifts, I Corinthians 12:12-25.

C. Members in the church have different functions, I Corinthians 12:27-31.

**DAY 2** Proper Use of Spiritual Gifts.

A. There are greater things in the church than spiritual gifts, such as love, I Corinthians 13:1-7.

B. Love is greater because it remained after the gifts were done away, when complete knowledge for all arrived, I Corinthians 13:8-9, 13.

C. The purpose of certain gifts:

1. Prophecy, I Corinthians 14:1-5.

2. Tongues, I Corinthians 14:8-11, 22-24, 27-28.

**DAY 3** Final Victory.

A. The church admonished to stand fast, I Corinthians 15:1-9.

B. The resurrection must be preached, I Corinthians 15:16-28.

C. We will have a new body after the resurrection, I Corinthians 15:49-55.

D. They were admonished to complete their collection for the poor saints in Jerusalem, I Corinthians 16:1-3.

**DAY 4** Introduction to the Second Corinthian Letter.

A. It was written a few months after the first, from Macedonia. Titus brought the message of how they had received his first message, II Corinthians 2:12-14.

B. Paul was delaying his return to Corinth to give them time to repent and correct their sins, to spare themselves of his correction when he arrived, II Corinthians 2:15-24.

C. He explained why he wrote such a hard letter that caused them sorrow the first time, II Corinthians 2:1-5, 7:4-16.

**DAY 5** The Law Written on Tables of Stone.

A. Puts them in proper perspective, II Corinthians 3.

**Memory Work: "Come ye out from among them, and be ye separate, saith the Lord." II Corinthians 6:17.**

- DAY 1 General admonitions to Christians.  
A. The gospel, and Christians as its carrier, 4:1-10.  
B. After death what?, 5:1-10.  
C. Guard your commitments and agreements with unbelievers, 6:14-18.
- DAY 2 The collection of money for needy saints in Jerusalem.  
A. The Corinthians were encouraged to complete the collection begun a year ago, 8:1-15.  
B. The spiritual principles of giving, 8:24-9:15.
- DAY 3 Paul's defense of his actions.  
A. Paul's reason for writing such weighty letters, 10:8-18.  
B. His concern for them as a father, 11:1-6.  
C. His reasons for not accepting a wage from them while he preached there, 11:7-12.
- DAY 4 Deceitful workers in the church who rejected Paul.  
A. Paul's description and warning about false apostles and ministers in the Corinthian church, 11:12-15.  
B. Paul gives his record of service for comparison with the false teachers at Corinth, 11:16-33.
- DAY 5 Warning to the Unrepentant to repent before Paul returns.  
A. Those who had sinned are warned to repent before he returns, 12:14-13:2, 10.  
B. Repeat of main theme of Corinthian letters, 13:11.

**Memory Work: "It is no longer I that live, but Christ liveth in me." Galatians 2:20**

- DAY 1 Introduction to the Galatian Letter.
- A. Galatians was written by Paul to warn against returning to Judaism.
  - B. The book is divided into three sections:
    - 1. Personal section: Paul defends his apostleship, 1-2.
    - 2. Doctrinal section: Salvation by gospel, versus the Law, 5-6.
    - 3. Practical section: Faith applied to every day living, 5-6.
  - C. Paul defends his apostleship, 1-2.
    - 1. Galatians rebuked for turning away from the gospel, 1:6-10.
    - 2. Paul accepted in Jerusalem, 2:1-3, 7-9.
    - 3. Paul rebukes Peter, 2:11-14.
- DAY 2 The Law of Moses contrasted with the gospel, 3.
- A. Not saved by Law of Moses, 3:1-14.
  - B. Why the Law was given, and for how long, 3:15-19.
  - C. Christ became the end, fulfillment, of the Law, 3:23-26.
  - D. How we become Christians, 3:27-29.
- DAY 3 Christians are God's only faithful children, 4.
- A. Christians are God's true children, 4:1-7, 28-31.
  - B. Christians must give up former bondage to the Law, 4:8-11.
- DAY 4 Christians have freedom from the Law of Moses and sin, 5.
- A. If we seek salvation other than through Christ, we fall away from God, 5:1-6.
  - B. Sinful feelings and actions, 5:19-21.
  - C. The good, spiritual fruit, 5:22-25.
- DAY 5 Instruction for everyday living, 6.
- A. We are to help one another, 6:1-6.
  - B. We will have to answer to God for the way we live, 6:7-9.
  - C. We are to help others, 6:10.
  - D. We are to give our lives completely to God, 6:14-16.

**Memory Work:** "Blessed be the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who hath blessed us with every spiritual blessing in the heavenly places in Christ." Ephesians 1:3

**DAY 1** Introduction to Ephesians.

- A. This letter was written by Paul while a prisoner at Rome (62 A.D.). He worked with this church three years during his third journey, 1:1-2.
- B. This letter is an essay on the church and points out Christ's relationship to it. Its theme is the church in God's plan.
- C. Chapter 1 explains the origin and purpose of the church:
  - 1. Location of all spiritual blessings, 1:3.
  - 2. Predetermination of the type of individual given entrance, 1:4.
  - 3. Predetermined spiritual blessings given to those in it, 1:5-8.
  - 4. All this purposed and done through Christ. Predetermined purpose was to provide God a heritage (the saints) for his glory, 1:11-12.
  - 5. We receive the Holy Spirit as earnest of our inheritance, 1:13-14.
  - 6. Paul gives thanks for these blessings given through the church and Christ who is placed as the church's head, 1:15-23.

**DAY 2** By grace we are saved, through faith.

- A. We were dead but God showed mercy, 2:1-10.
- B. All now have access to God through Christ in one household, 2:11-22.
- C. This is what and why Paul preached, 3:1-7.

**DAY 3** The church in God's plan.

- A. The church displays God's wisdom, 3:10-12.
- B. Be strengthened and know the love of God, 3:14-20.
- C. Keep the unity of the Spirit in the church, 4:1-6.
- D. God gave gifts for the perfecting of the saints, 4:11-24.

**DAY 4** Duties of those in the church.

- A. Put away evil from our lives, 4:25-5:12.
- B. Be careful how you live, 5:15-21.

**DAY 5** Duties (continued).

- A. Concerning husband-wife relationship, 5:22-33.
- B. Concerning parent-child relationship, 6:1-4.
- C. Concerning servant-master relationship, 6:5-9.
- D. Duties as soldier for God, 6:10-18.

**Memory Work: "I can do all things in him that strengtheneth me." Philippians 4:13**

**DAY 1** Introduction to Philippians.

A. Written by Paul while a prisoner at Rome (62 A.D.). He had begun the church at Philippi about 50-51 A.D. on his second journey, 1:1-2.

B. Philippians is an epistle of joy (the word occurring 16 times). Paul is thankful for this church which supported and encouraged him continually.

C. Joy in living — the theme, 1:3-18.

1. Joy in fellowship of work with Philippi, 1:3-11.

2. Joy in serving the Lord, though in prison, 1:12-18.

**DAY 2** Encouragement in face of severe persecution, 1:19-30.

A. Paul's thoughts as he faces the possibility of death, 1:19-26.

B. Be worthy of the gospel and not afraid of adversaries, 1:27-30.

**DAY 3** Joy in service, chapter 2.

A. Do nothing as faction, but all with mind of Christ, 2:1-11.

B. Do all things without questionings and complaining, 2:12-18.

C. Commendation for two preachers, Timothy and Epaphroditus (a preacher from Philippi), 2:19-30.

**DAY 4** Salvation is worth the loss of all earthly possessions and honor, chapter 3.

A. All things are counted as loss for gain of Christ, 3:1-11.

B. We press on to the prize of our calling, 3:12-16.

C. Beware of false teachers, 3:17-21.

**DAY 5** Rejoice as Christians, chapter 4.

A. Rejoice in the Lord, 4:4-7.

B. Be faithful and have God's peace, 4:8-9.

C. Paul's thanks for their help in his preaching, 4:10-20.

d. Salutations, 4:21-23.

**Memory Work:** "And whatsoever ye do, in word or deed, do all in the name of the Lord Jesus, giving thanks to God the Father through him." Colossians 3:17.

**DAY 1** Introduction to Colossians.

- A. One of four letters written by Paul while imprisoned at Rome, about 62A.D., 1:1-2.
- B. Although the material in this letter is very similar to Ephesians, this epistle emphasizes Christ in God's plan, where the other letter emphasizes the church in God's plan.
- C. Prayers for the church at Colossae, 1:3-12; 4:12-13.

**DAY 2** Christ is the center of our faith.

- A. Christ is the creator for whom all things exist, 1:13-23.
- B. Paul suffered for the church's sake that men might know the riches of having Christ in us, 1:24-29.

**DAY 3** Warning against false teachers.

- A. Paul strove to comfort all churches with the knowledge of Christ, 2:1-7.
- B. Take heed lest the philosophy, deceit and traditions of men capture you, 2:8-12.
- C. The old law has been removed and now we hold to Christ, 2:13-23.

**DAY 4** Our new life in Christ.

- A. Seek things spiritual, 3:1-4.
- B. We are new men in Christ, 3:5-11.
- C. Put on perfectness, doing all things only with Christ's authorization, 3:12-17.

**DAY 5** Admonitions on living.

- A. The proper conduct in relationships between persons, 3:18-4:1.
- B. Final exhortations, 4:2-6.

**Memory Work:** "For other foundation can no man lay than that which is laid, which is Jesus Christ."  
I Corinthians 3:11

- DAY 1**
1. Name the books of the New Testament and tell who wrote them.
  2. What is the purpose of the book of Acts? Wk 1 - D2
  3. In what city did God start the church, and where did the church spread?  
Wk 1 - D3; Wk 2 - D2
  4. Who were the first Jews converted into the kingdom and what did they do to be saved? The first Gentiles? Wk1 - D3; Wk 2 - D3
- DAY 2**
1. Where did Peter mainly preach? Paul? Wk 1 - D4; Wk 2 - D2
  2. What is the theme of the Roman letter? Wk 4 - D1
  3. Why is God angry with sinners? Wk 4 - D2
  4. How are our sins removed from us, so we can become Christians? Wk 5 - D1
- DAY 3**
1. Who wrote the Corinthian letters, and what was the purpose of each letter?  
Wk6-D1; Wk7-D4
  2. What instructions are given on discipline? Wk 6 - D3; Wk 8 - D2
  3. What teaching is given on spiritual gifts? Wk 7 - D1,2
  4. What instructions did the Corinthians receive on giving gifts? Wk 8 - D2
- DAY 4**
1. What problem is dealt with in the Galatian letter? Wk 9 - D1
  2. What was the law of Moses given for and how long did it last? Wk 9 - D2
  3. What is the basic theme of Ephesians? Wk 10 - D3
  4. What is the "unity of the Spirit" we are to keep? Wk 10 - D3
- DAY 5**
1. Why did Paul write the Philippian letter? Wk 11 - D1
  2. What does Paul say our salvation is worth? Wk 11 - D4
  3. Whom has God used to bring us and hold us to Himself? Wk 12 - D1,2
  4. How do false teachers try to fool us? Wk 12 - D3